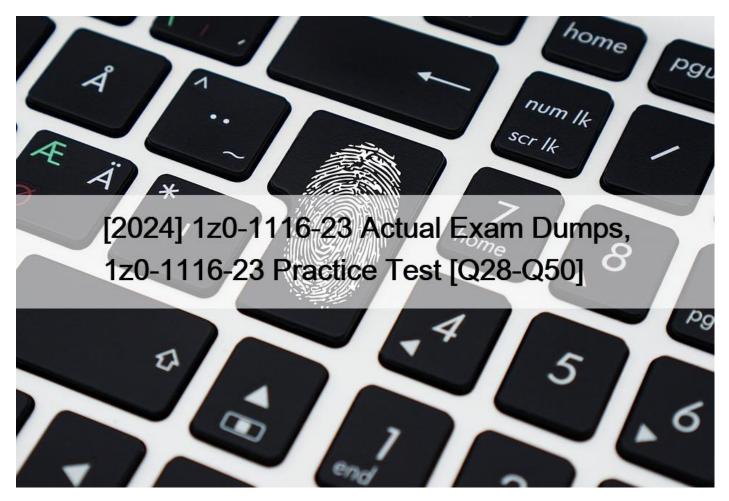
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NEW QUESTION 28

What does Unpublished Revision on a guide tile indicate?

- * There is a previous version of the Draft guide and the current changes are also reflected in the production environment.
- * Changes were made to a Published guide that arc not reflected in the production environment.
- * The guide was recently deleted and is no longer visible to end users in the production environment.

Explanation

The Unpublished Revision status on a guide tile indicates that the guide has been previously published, but has been modified and not published again. This means that the changes made to the guide are not visible to the end users in the production environment, and only the original version of the guide is displayed. The Unpublished Revision status allows the content developer to test and preview the changes before publishing them. To publish the changes, the content developer needs to use the Publish button in the Content Editor or the Full Editor. The other two options, A and C, are incorrect, as they do not describe the meaning of the Unpublished Revision status. References: Creating OGL Content Course (Section 5: Publishing OGL Content), Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Certified Foundations Associate Rel 1 (Exam Topic:

Describe the purpose and functionality of the Publish button)

NEW QUESTION 29

How can screenshots be captured while editing a guide?

- * Manually captured by using the Content Editor
- * Auto-captured or manually captured by using the Full Editor
- * Auto-captured by using the Step Guide exporter

Explanation

The Full Editor is a tool that allows you to create and edit guides in a live application environment. It has two modes: Auto-capture and Manual-capture. In Auto-capture mode, the Full Editor automatically captures screenshots of each step as you perform the actions in the application. In Manual-capture mode, you can manually capture screenshots of each step by clicking on the camera icon in the Full Editor toolbar. You can also edit the screenshots by cropping, resizing, or adding annotations. The Content Editor is a tool that allows you to create and edit guides in a web-based interface. It does not have the ability to capture screenshots either. References:

Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Foundations Associate Rel 1

Creating OGL Content Course

Enhancing OGL Content Course

NEW QUESTION 30

What can users do while exporting Step Guide content to a PDF?

- * Choose whether or not to include invisible steps
- * Export the visible steps of a guide only if they have captured screenshots
- * Open the Content Editor to delete any invisible steps before exporting

When users export Step Guide content to a PDF, they can choose whether or not to include invisible steps in the PDF file. Invisible steps are steps that are hidden from the user in the application, but still appear in the Full Editor and the Content Editor. Invisible steps can be used to provide additional information or guidance that is not relevant to the current task or context. Users can toggle the visibility of steps by using the eye icon in the Full Editor or the Content Editor. When users export Step Guide content to a PDF, they can select the option to include invisible steps or exclude them from the PDF file. This option is available in the Step Guide exporter tool, which can be accessed from the Content Editor or the Full Editor. Users can also preview the PDF file before exporting it, and see how the invisible steps are marked with a gray border and a label. References:

Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Foundations Associate Rel 1

Creating OGL Content Course

Enhancing OGL Content Course

NEW QUESTION 31

Which statement is true about screen captures for step guides in OGL?

Explanation

- * They require the use of third-party applications because OGL cannot capture screenshots.
- * They can be updated by recapturing the screens by using the Full Editor.
- * They can be created by using the Content Editor where they can be edited at a later time.

Explanation

Screen captures are images of the application screens that are used to illustrate the steps of a guide. OGL can capture screenshots of the application screens by using the Full Editor, which is a tool that allows the OGL developer to create and edit guides in a separate browser tab. The Full Editor has a Capture Screen button that enables the OGL developer to take a screenshot of the current screen and attach it to the step. The screen captures can be updated by recapturing the screens by using the Full Editor, if the application screens change or the OGL developer wants to improve the quality or clarity of the images12.

The other statements are not true about screen captures for step guides in OGL. OGL does not require the use of third-party applications to capture screenshots, as it has its own built-in tool in the Full Editor. OGL cannot create screen captures by using the Content Editor, which is a tool that allows the OGL developer to create and edit guides in an overlay on the application. The Content Editor does not have a Capture Screen button, and it only shows the real-time preview of the guide without the screen captures34. References:

1: Creating OGL Content Course, Module 2: Creating Step Guides, Lesson: Creating a Step Guide, Topic: Capturing Screens

2: Oracle Cloud Using Oracle Guided Learning, Release 23C, Chapter 4: Creating Guides, Section:

Creating a Step Guide, Subsection: Capturing Screens

3: Creating OGL Content Course, Module 2: Creating Step Guides, Lesson: Creating a Step Guide, Topic: Content Editor

4: Oracle Cloud Using Oracle Guided Learning, Release 23C, Chapter 4: Creating Guides, Section:

Creating a Step Guide, Subsection: Content Editor

NEW QUESTION 32

What happens if a user imports a guide from a use case that already exists in My Content?

- * A copy of the guide is created with a new apiName.
- * The user cannot import the guide from the use case and receives an error message.
- * The newly imported guide overwrites the existing guide

Explanation

When a user imports a guide from a use case that already exists in My Content, a copy of the guide is created with a new apiName. The apiName is a unique identifier for each guide that is used for tracking and launching purposes. The user can edit the copy of the guide as needed and assign it to a different display group or launcher. The original guide remains unchanged inMy Content. References: Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Creating OGL Content, Working with the Editors, Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Certified Foundations Associate

NEW QUESTION 33

Which statement is NOT true about the OGL Application ID (AppID)?

- * It can be changed at any time.
- B It is the unique identifier of your OGL instance assigned at the time of account creation.
- * It can be found in Application Settings within the OGL Console.

Explanation

he OGL Application ID (AppID) is the unique identifier of your OGL instance assigned at the time of account creation1. It is a 22-character alphanumeric string that enables the mapping of the Help Widget to your app2. The AppID can be found in Application Settings within the OGL Console3. The AppID cannot be changed at any time, as it is linked to your OGL account and your app. Changing the AppID would break the connection between the OGL Console and the app, and prevent the OGL content from being displayed on the app4. References:

1: Oracle Guided Learning for Oracle ERP Cloud

- 2: Getting Started Oracle Help Center, Section: Know Your OGL App ID
- 3: Configuring OGL Setting Roles and Scripts Oracle

4: Oracle Guided Learning Fusion FAQ | Oracle University, Section: Customers seeking Oracle Guided Learning will be provisioned via a form on our website.

NEW QUESTION 34

What do Analytics Dashboards provide?

- * Systematic analysis of Process Guide data
- * OGL consumption data for a specified period
- * Insights and data about Fusion applications

Explanation

The Analytics Dashboards provide data on the consumption of OGL content for a specified account and for a designated time frame. There are various analytics dashboards available, each providing different analyses and visualizations of consumption data and host application usage. For example, the Optimization Dashboard highlights key daily/weekly measures organized by content health and the target application traffic, while the Feedback Dashboard shows user feedback on OGL content items1. References: OGL Analytics & Reports, Introduction & Overview of Oracle Guided Learning

NEW QUESTION 35

What is the purpose of creating Products and Module?

- * To categorize and filter your content by their Fusion products ami Fusion Modules
- * To manage all the content that you have in Base Guides
- * To organize the content you create in the console by Production and Non-Production

NEW QUESTION 36

What is the purpose of the Preview function on a guide file?

- * To preview the guide in a new browser lab and adjust the display settings of an individual guide before saving
- * To open a guide in a separate browser window and edit or format the text content of a guide

* To preview the guide in a new browser tab as it would appear to end users in the production environment Explanation

The Preview function on a guide file allows the OGL developer to preview the guide in a new browser tab as it would appear to end users in the production environment. The Preview function is useful for testing and validating the guide before publishing it to the end users. The Preview function can be accessed from the OGL console, by selecting the guide file and clicking the Preview button. The Preview function opens the guide in a new browser tab, where the OGL developer can see the guide steps, tips, and screen

captures as they would be displayed to the end users. The Preview function also shows the OGL widget, where the OGL developer can see the guide name, description, and progress12.

The other statements are not true about the Preview function on a guide file. The Preview function does not allow the OGL developer to adjust the display settings of an individual guide before saving, as the display settings are configured in the OGL editor, not in the Preview function. The Preview function does not allow the OGL developer to edit or format the text content of a guide, as the text content is edited in the OGL editor, not in the Preview function. The Preview function, but a simulation of the production environment12. References:

1: Creating OGL Content Course, Module 2: Creating Step Guides, Lesson: Creating a Step Guide, Topic: Previewing a Guide

2: Oracle Cloud Using Oracle Guided Learning, Release 23C, Chapter 4: Creating Guides, Section:

Creating a Step Guide, Subsection: Previewing a Guid

NEW QUESTION 37

What is the purpose of the Change Highlight Element setting in the Display Settings in the Full Editor?

- * To allow a tip to point at a specific section, while highlighting another element
- * To adjust the highlight color of a selected clement.
- * To sol the tip to appear only when the user hovers on the selected element.

Explanation

The Change Highlight Element setting in the Display Settings in the Full Editor allows you to change the element that is highlighted by the guide tip. This can be useful when you want to point at a specific section, such as a button or a menu, while highlighting another element, such as a field or a table. By changing the highlight element, you can make the guide tip more visible and clear for the user. References: Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Course, Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Foundations Associate Rel 1 Exam, [Oracle Guided Learning Documentation]

NEW QUESTION 38

What information is NOT displayed on a guide tile?

- * AppID
- * Guide type
- * apiName
- Explanation

A guide tile is a visual representation of a guide on the OGL console homepage. It displays various information about the guide, such as its name, status, type, AppID, and location URL. However, it does not display the apiName of the guide, which is a unique identifier that can be used to reference the guide in code or scripts12. References:

Oracle Guided Learning User Guide1

Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Certified Foundations Associate Rel 12

NEW QUESTION 39

Which Display Setting is NOT used to align the Help icon?

- * Help icon alignment
- * Help icon offset

* Help icon placement Explanation

The Display Setting that is NOT used to align the Help icon is the Help icon placement. The Help icon placement is a setting that determines where the Help icon will be displayed on the screen, either in the bottom right corner or in the top right corner. The Help icon placement is not related to the alignment of the Help icon, which is the position of the Help icon relative to the target element. The alignment of the Help icon is controlled by two other Display Settings: the Help icon alignment and the Help icon offset. The Help icon alignment is a setting that allows you to choose the direction of the Help icon from the target element, such as top, bottom, left, or right. The Help iconoffset is a setting that allows you to adjust the distance of the Help icon from the target element in pixels. By using these two settings, you can fine-tune the alignment of the Help icon to avoid overlapping or obscuring the target element or other UI elements. References: Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Working with the Editors, Creating Content

NEW QUESTION 40

Where can you access the Version History of a guide?

- * Guide Status
- * Guide Settings
- * Full Editor
- Explanation

Version History is a feature that allows OGL developers to automatically save multiple versions of their active guides and provides the ability to preview any prior versions of guides. OGL console users with appropriate permissions can view the version history of guides and can select a previous version to be restored.

To access the Version History of a guide, you need to go to the Guide Settings, which can be found by clicking on the gear icon next to the guide name in the OGL console. There, you can see a list of all the saved versions of the guide, along with the date, time, and author of each version. You can also preview, restore, or delete any version of the guide from the Version History tab. References: Creating OGL Content, Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Become a Certified Oracle Guided Learning Developer

NEW QUESTION 41

What is the purpose of Display Groups?

- * To manage how content in the Help panel is displayed, sorted, and categorized
- * To create content that is displayed in Fusion applications only while in development
- * To display the content in the Fusion application under specific modules

Explanation

Display groups are a feature of Oracle Guided Learning that allow content developers to organize and present their content in the Help panel, which is a widget that appears on the right side of the Fusion application.

Display groups can be used to group content by module, process area, or any other suitable category. Display groups can also be used to sort and filter the content based on user preferences, roles, or permissions. Display groups can have a name and an icon, and can be created, edited, or deleted in the Display Group Manager, which is accessible from the Content tab in the OGL Console. Display groups can also be assigned to content items by dragging and dropping them in the Display Group Manager, or by selecting them from the drop-down menu in the Content Editor. References: Display Groups, Creating Display Groups, Adding Content to Display Groups

NEW QUESTION 42

Which statement is NOT true about Task Lists?

- * They are displayed in the Help panel.
- * Pies are displayed in a Smart Tip.
- * They are autoloaded.
- Explanation

A Task List is a group of related guides, usually performed sequentially, that inform users in what order they need to complete processes. Task Lists are displayed in the Help panel and track the user's progress as they complete each task in the list. Task Lists can be autoloaded based on certain conditions or triggers, such as the user's role, location, or actions. Pies are not related to Task Lists, but are a type of Smart Tip that show a pie chart with data or information. Smart Tips are context-sensitive help or supplemental information that can be attached to any UI element, such as a form field, button, label, or image. References: Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Introduction & Overview of Oracle Guided Learning, Oracle Guided Learning for Oracle ERP Cloud

NEW QUESTION 43

Which is a best practice when embedding any media in OGL?

- * Be sure to upload all media to the OGL Console.
- * Ensure the media is hosted on an accessible web page.
- * Ensure that all media arc formatted as PDF.

Explanation

Embedding media in OGL is a feature that allows you to add audio, video, or other multimedia content to your guides and tips. You can embed media from external sites, such as YouTube, Vimeo, SoundCloud, or SlideShare, by using the Embed Media from External Sites icon in the Full Editor. You can also embed media from your own web server or cloud storage, such as Amazon S3, by using the Embed Media from URL icon in the Full Editor. The best practice when embedding any media in OGL is to ensure that the media is hosted on an accessible web page, meaning that the media URL is publicly available and does not require authentication or authorization. This way, the media can be loaded and displayed properly in the OGL player without anyerrors or interruptions. You should also ensure that the media URL is secure (HTTPS) and does not contain any query parameters or dynamic values that might change over time. You should also avoid uploading media formats that are not widely supported by browsers, such as PDF, as this might cause compatibility issues or require additional plugins or extensions. References: Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Working with the Editors, [Creating Content]

NEW QUESTION 44

Which statement is true about Use Cases?

* They provide a variety of prebuilt guide packages developed by Oracle experts and are modeled after real business cases and best practices.

* They arc read-only process and non-process guides that arc used for reference, but cannot be deployed in a host application.

* They provide a variety of Fusion-related business process training courses that can be deployed to users to develop expertise on Oracle Fusion applications.

Explanation

Use Cases are a series of customizable Oracle Guided Learning assets that are available for customers to deploy directly in their application. These Use Cases cover the entire span of the cloud journey across testing, go-live, adoption and training, annual events like budget cycles and everyday application use. Use Cases are curated, knowledgeable content articulated in a templated format. The templates provide examples that can be digested easily in an online format. Customers can simply add these templates to their guide library and start editing the content to meet their unique business needs. Use Cases are designed based on the best practices and real business cases of Oracle experts and customers123. References:

Use Case Libraries in Oracle Guided Learning1

Introduction & Overview of Oracle Guided Learning2

Oracle Guided Learning – Fusion3

NEW QUESTION 45

What happens if the Sticky Guide setting is enabled for a non-process guide?

- * It does not run in the Fusion application and is also not visible in My Content.
- * It is not displayed in the Help panel and automatically moves to an Inactive state.
- * It is reported in a Health Check indicating that it needs to be fixed for it to work properly.

Explanation

The Sticky Guide setting is a feature that allows a process guide to remain visible in the Help panel until the user completes all the steps or closes the guide manually. This setting is only applicable for process guides, which are guides that have a specific sequence of steps and actions that the user must follow. If the Sticky Guide setting is enabled for a non-process guide, such as a message guide or a smart tip, it will not work as intended and will cause errors in the guide execution. Therefore, the OGL console will report this issue in a Health Check, which is a tool that scans the guides for any potential problems or inconsistencies and provides suggestions for improvement. The Health Check will indicate that the Sticky Guide setting needs to be disabled for the non-process guide for it to work properly. References: Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Introduction & Overview of Oracle GuidedLearning, Implementing and Managing Guided Learning

NEW QUESTION 46

Which content items can be stored in the OGL Console?

- * Process Guides
- * Training documents
- * Videos
- Explanation

The OGL Console is a web-based application that allows you to create, manage, and deploy OGL content items. OGL content items are interactive guides that help users learn and perform tasks in Oracle Cloud Applications. Process Guides are one type of OGL content items that provide a sequence of steps to complete a business process. Process Guides can be accessed from the OGL Launcher or the OGL Player. Training documents and videos are not OGL content items and cannot be stored in the OGL Console. References: Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Foundations Associate Rel 1, Creating OGL Content Course, OGL Console Overview

NEW QUESTION 47

Which option is NOT used to adjust the display settings on a tip?

- * Tip Placement
- * Tip location
- * Show Tip Arrow
- Explanation

Tip location is not an option to adjust the display settings on a tip. Tip location is a property that defines the URL of the page where the tip is displayed. Tip placement is an option that allows you to choose the position of the tip relative to the target element, such as top, bottom, left, or right. Show Tip Arrow is an option that allows you to toggle the visibility of the arrow that points to the target element from the tip. References: Working with the Editors, Creating Content

NEW QUESTION 48

Which attribute is unique on a guide tile?

- * Account name
- * AppID
- * Guide name
- * apiName

Explanation

A guide tile is a visual representation of a guide in the OGL Console. It displays various attributes of the guide, such as its name, status, type, display group, launcher, and apiName. The apiName is a unique identifier for eachguide that is used for tracking and launching purposes. It is automatically generated when a guide is created, but it can also be edited by the user. The apiName is the only attribute that is unique on a guide tile, as the other attributes can be shared by multiple guides. References: Oracle Guided Learning User Guide, Creating OGL Content, Working with the Editors, Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Certified Foundations Associate

NEW QUESTION 49

What should the status of a guide be if you want to see it in your production environment?

- * Unpublished Revision
- * Published
- * Draft
- Explanation

The status of a guide indicates the stage of its development and deployment in the OGL console. There are three possible statuses for a guide: Draft, Unpublished Revision, and Published. Draft status means that the guide is still under development and has not been published yet. Unpublished Revision status means that the guide has been published before, but has been modified and not published again. Published status means that the guide has been published and is visible to the users in the production environment. Therefore, if you want to see a guide in your production environment, it should have the Published status. You can publish a guide by using the Publish button in the Content Editor or the Full Editor. You can also unpublish a guide by using the Unpublish button in the Content Editor or the Full Editor.

Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Foundations Associate Rel 1

Organising & Managing OGL Content Course

Creating OGL Content Course

NEW QUESTION 50

Which setting is used to ensure that a guide advances from two options?

- * Disable element
- * Tip offset
- * Invisible step
- Explanation

An invisible step is a type of step that is not visible to the user, but can be used to advance a guide based on a certain condition. For example, if a guide needs to advance from two options, such as clicking a button or pressing a key, an invisible step can be added to listen for the second option and trigger the next step. To create an invisible step, the user needs to select the Invisible Step option in

the Activation Settings of the step and choose the appropriate condition, such as User presses ENTER key. References: Creating Content, Creating OGL Content, Working with the Editors, Oracle Guided Learning Content Developer Certified Foundations Associate

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